The Standard

OR RIVER-PLATE NEWS.

Published every morning at the *Standard* printing office. Subscription 25 $ per month. Eds & Props. M. G. & E. T. Mulhall. Advertisements received until 3 P. M.: not exceeding 8 lines, inserted 3 times for 5 $, or 30 $ a month. Single copies 2 $. Calle Belgrano 72 & 74.

Saturday. 17th May | **BUENOS-AYRES.** | **N.o 111**

Mauá Bank,

Calle Cangallo 101 & 103.

Rate of interest for current month:

Specie received in account current at 7 p0|0 per annum.
Specie advanced " " at 13 p0|0 per annum.
Currency received " " at 6 p0|0 per annum.
Currency advanced " " at 10 p0|0 per annum.
Deposits for a fixed term in specie, or currency, at conventional interest.
Buenos Ayres, 2nd April, 1862.

P. P. Mauá & Co.

WILLIAM LESLIE.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

77—PERU—77.

The wholesale and retail English Grocery Store,

CALLE PERU, No 77,

For many years favourably known for its excellent facility in procurement, and despatch, has changed proprietors.

The present owner invites inspection of the select assortment which he has on hand, at moderate price, and which he hopes will meet the wishes of all who may honour him with their kind patronage. x

TEA—TEA—TEA.

Alone of its Class.

77 — CALLE PERU — 77.

This day is opened, a Tea Store on the London style, wholesale and retail, of the very best quality, and which will be appreciated by those who know what tea is.

Also on hand, a select stock of Wines and best Havannah Cigars, and numerous other choice articles.

m15-7p

FRIENDS AT HOME.

Mr. Chs. Bowers, calle San Martin, opposite the Bolsa H. o. l. begs to inform the public that he also Do keeps the likeness, on better paper and cards, expressly adapted for transmission to Europe.

To our Country Subscribers.

We beg to advise our friends and supporters in the Campo, as well as those in the Banda Oriental, Entre Rios, Paraguay, and Rio Janeyro, that all our country agents have received copies from our books of the several out-standing accounts due to the 1st May, and that we hope to have all our accounts balanced on or before the 1st June.

NUTTALL and SMITH,

MOLINO,

Have added to their establishment the adjoining buildings, and are now able to offer to their country and town friends all the comforts afforded by a good English hotel.

N.B.—A Coach on the premises, for the benefit of visitors, both weekly and daily.

TIRANTES.

Russian Pine Scantling, 3 inch s by 9, on Sale at No 380 Calle Defensa, at $0 the vara; also other sizes, such as Flukes for cheap corrals, 5 and 6 inches wide. Alojas or Laths, 3 inches by 1 1-2 thick, for brick roofs; and also makes the best Tijeras for paja houses for country farmers.

IRISH LODGING-HOUSE.

Mrs BURNS begs to remind her Friends in the Camp, that she still carries on her Lodging-house, where every attention is paid to the comfort and convenience of those who patronise her.

Breakfast, Dinner, and Tea at the usual hours, and private well-aired bed rooms, not to be surpassed in town.

PARQUE, No 48

LAND.

The undersigned begs leave to inform those who wish land for sheep, that he has now 3 leagues of excellent land on sale; he will sell in fractions of one quarter of a league, or in lots to suit purchasers; he will facilitate one half of the purchase money, for one two or three years, by paying 6 month int rest, money in advance. Also one quarter of a league in Mercedes.

Appsy to calle Reconquista No. 46

m15-1op *Merit Parker.*

English Grammar-School.

Calle Suypacha 196.

Principal—Mr. Pongerard, ex-Professor at the London University College-geoschool.

This institution, though not exclusive in its character, will be opened with the view of affording the foreign element of Buenos Ayres a school based entirely on the home principles.

With this intention, and from the support already promised him by some of the first English families of the city, the Rector has determined to found the present Grammar School, which he hopes, from his long experience and popularity in the above mentioned famous institution, to raise to such eminence as to meet in every respect the wants of this highly respectable society.

The classes comprehend the following branches:

English, French, Spanish Latin, Humanities
History, Ancient & Modern
Geography, Writing, &c.
Other branches, such as German,
Drawing and Music are extra..

The strictest discipline will be invariably maintained, due regard being paid to the sanitary condition of the pupils.

In order to reconcile domestic affections with the scholastic duties, children, whose parents may so wish, will be allowed to leave on Saturday evenings and return on Monday mornings at an early hour.

A monthly report will be addressed to the parents of the pupils, informing them of the conduct and progress of the children. No corporal punishment will be inflicted.

Each pupil will furnish the following items, with wearing apparel:

An iron bedstead & washing-stand,
A trunk, linen, &c.

Terms of admission.

FOR BOARD $ 500 PER MONTH—
HALF-BOARDERS, $300 IDEM IDEM

Medical attendance and books charged to parents. Paper, pens and inks, found by the establishment.

The opening of the classes will take place on May 5th. Only a limited number of boarders will be admitted, in order to maintain a high standing of respectability and morality. No day-scholars taken. The play-grounds are spacious.

Buenos Aires, May, 62.

P. Pongerard—Principal.

ENGLISH MASTER.

Wanted a situation in an English Academy or private family in this capacity. He has much experience and good testimonials, and perfectly understands Spanish.

Apply at this office. m15-3p

POISON for SHEEPS' HOOFS

This rapid and infallible Remedy for the inderal cure of this Frequent disease, has obtained in Europe and America the acceptance of all who desire themselves to sheep-breeding.

It will be Found on Sale at
"Botica del Perin,"
corner of Perou and Mexico-st.

American Improvements!!

Messrs Meeks & Kelsey have just received from New York a machine for making *twelve pictures at a time*. All persons wishing *visiting cards* will be supplied by the dozen at a moderate price, also photographs for letters, albums, &c. Persons sending pictures to be Perfect are requested to leave their orders a few days previous Gallery 34 calle Esmeralda, corner to Piedad.

NOTE of HOUSES, CHACRAS, LAND, &c, ON SALE.

Parque-street—8 rooms, 2 patios with vines, 8 1-2 varas front, by 38 deep

Temple-st—6 rooms, besides outoffices, 9 1-2 varas front, by 33 deep

Defensa-st—9 rooms, in good repair, 14 1-2 varas front, by 35 deep.

Peru-st—7 rooms, 5 papered, etc, 8 1-2 varas front by 71 deep

Lujan-st—8 rooms, kitchen and 1 large deposit store, 17 1-2 varas front, by 23 deep

Moreno—9 rooms, papered, 1 large deposit store, 21 varas front by 70 deep

N. B.—This house would be suitable for an estanciero, as the owner would be willing to receive in payment cattle or sheep to one-half the amount.

Cordova—7 rooms and out-offices, 19 1-2 varas front, by 55 deep

Piedad-st—7 rooms, 2 of brick and 1 of wood, 9 3-4 vrs front, by 30 deep

Monte Chingolo—Chacra, consisting of 20 squares of good land, part under wood and with new and part ditched, having on it houses, galpones, corrales, etc

San Martin (Santos Lugares)—Chacra, consisting of 12 1-2 squares of good land, with the option of purchasing an adjoining lot of the same extent

San Jose de Flores—Quinta consisting of 50 varas front by 150 varas deep, with a house of 5 rooms, and out offices in good repair

Ditto—Land adjoining the above, 100 varas by 140, enclosed with wire and ditch, and bearing crop of alfalfa

Belvarda (between calles Cangallo and Cuyo)—1 1-2 squares of land to be sold in building lots, or portions to suit purchasers, very cheap

Independencia-street—A piece of ground, 8 varas front by 35 deep, with 2 rooms.

Also, several Houses and other properties in Montevideo and the Landa Oriental.

For particulars apply at

WESTON and CO'S,

HOUSE and PROPERTY AGENTS

Recoba Viejo, No. 38.

Marine Insurance.

The Argentine Mutual Insurance Company.

Established in this City, since at moderate premiums all risks by sea, or on the rivers.

Office—Calle Reconquista 83.

Directorate:

Sr. Don Felipe Llavallol, President.
" " Juan Anchorena, Vice-President
" " Zimmine.
" " Eduardo Lumb
" " Enrique Ocampo.
" " Manuel Garcia.
" " Andres Ezcurra.
Secretary—Don Jose Boneo.
Depositary—Don [illegible]

PATENT ASPHALTIC ROOFING FELT.

A light, cheap and durable Roofing, requiring less than half the strength of timber, which is necessary for slates and tiles. Also,

SHIP-SHEATHING FELT

Samples and circulars, with full information, supplied by Messrs

RENNIE, TWEEDIE and CO,
No 58 Calle de Potosi,
BUENOS AYRES.

In the CALLE RECONQUISTA, No 46,

Will be found on sale the following list of Lands and Sheep:—

2 leagues de Campo, in Tandil.
6 " on the River Salado
24 " Villa Mercedes
6 " on Loberia
6 " Quelen
6 " Laguna de las Toreas
4 " on Rojas
5 " on las Flores
1½ " de Lobos
1¼ " Guardia Monte "

In *Banda Oriental*—
60 suertes, in different departments

Entre-Dos—
10 leagues, in different departments

Santa Fe—
21 leagues, in different departments

To Let four establishments, and on sale all the stock.

Also, small lots of Land to Let.

SHEEP.

5000 in Chascomus
1000 in Ensenada, picked
2000 in Magdalena
2300 in Capilla del Señor
1400 in Villa Lujan
400 in Matanzas

Money to Lend on Mortgage to any amount.

PARKER and CORDERO.

SAUNDERS & KEYSER,

ENGINEERS, MILLWRIGHTS, SMITHS, &c.

117—PASEO DE JULIO—117

BUENOS AYRES.

JAMES SAUNDERS begs to announce to the public that he has entered into Partnership with ALBERT KEYSER, in the above business, at the premises formerly occupied by Mr. Thomas Moore, and lately in possession of J. Saunders.

Wood presses, cranes, nail destroying machines, wire-stretchers, or screws of a superior quality, for erecting wire fences; wire rodeos, &c.; horse-power chain pumps for camp and chacra purposes, simple and complete; steam engines, ships smith-work in general, and all kinds of machinery, repaired in the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms.

The great share of patronage which he has enjoyed since completing business is the best assurance he can give his friends of promptness and fidelity in the execution of all orders entrusted to him; and with this view he has taken as partner an active and experienced man of business, who will assist him in this important profession.

Land & Sheep.

To be sold in Partido de Tordillo, near Dolores, a parcle of land, 6000 yardas long by 2000 wide on one sides 1500 on the other there is a permanent lagoon in the centre, and the land hat never suffered in the *spidemic*. There are 3 blocks of the best mestiza sheep in the province (patchos) with corrals and an Estancia house with a peach and fait-mount. At one of the ranchos is a poplar and paradise plantation.

Apply at Victoria Hotel—105 San Martin.

m10—1ip.

FOREING AMATEUR RACING SOCIETY.

AUTUMN MEETING,
29th and 30th May, 1862.

First Day's Races, Thursday—

First Race, 12 noon.

The Belgrano Stakes—A sweepstakes for horses that have never run at any meeting of this or other society. Entry, $200, with 2000 added from the funds of the society; once round and distance; weight 145lbs.

Second Race 1 p m.

The Steward's Cup.—Entry, $300 with 2000 added; once and a half round weight, 145lbs.

Third Race, 2 p m.

The Half-round Stakes — Entry, $8000 with 2000 added; weigt 1 45lbs

Four Race, 3 p m.

The Buenos Ayres Gold Cup.—Entry, $500, with a gold cup, value £50 sterling, given by the society; twice round; weight, 145lbs.

Fifth Race.

The Consolation Stakes, for beaten horses—Entry, $200, with 1000 added: weight, 145lbs.

Second Day's Race. Friday.

12 noon.

A *Sweepstakes* of $200 entry each with 1000 added; once round and a distance; to be handicapped and arranged by the committee.

Match or Matches.

Two m.

The Champion Stakes, for horses of English blood, born in this country, once round; entrance $500, with 3000 added; weight for horses five years old and upwards to be 145lbs, and an allowance of 3lbs for every year under that age. In the event of three horses not being entered for this race, it shall be open for all horses to enter, through the intervention of the Committee.

Match or Matches.

Two m.

The Grand Challenge Stakes—Entrance $1000 each, with 3000 added: three times round and a distance: weight, 145lbs.

4 p m.

Trotting Match — Entrance $200 each, with 1000 added; three rounds and adistance: weight 145lbs.

P. S.—In all the above races, hors s must be entered andridden by members of the F. A. R. S., and in all cases the horses to start, the property of different owners, or the premiums will not be given. In cases when four horses start, the second horse to save his stake. The matches will be under the sanctions and direction of the committee, and the rules and regulations of the society will le strictly adhered to.

Entries to be made before 10 a m, on 25th May in calle Florida No. 117,

House To Let.

The fine and commodious residence, Nos 9, 11 and 13 calle Cochabamba, well known as "Bella Vista." It looks on the river, offers every convenience for a large family

Apply at No 27calle Belivar,

SOUTH DOWN SHEEP.

On Sale a small number of pure South Downs, warranted to give 5th pounds of wool each. Also, a few Rams of the same breed. 800 Sheep will be sold at a low price, if application is made immediately to Calle Reconquista, No 46.

MUSIC LESSONS.

An English lady, long resident in this country, is desirous of giving lessons on the Piano, at her residence.

For particulars apply at 72 Calle Belgrano or by letter, addressed Mrs. J. office of this paper.

THE STANDARD.

NIL FASHI AUDAEM, NIL VERI NON "AUDEAM DICERE." (*Cicero*).

SATURDAY, MAY 5th, 1860.

Belgrano Races.

AUTUMN MEETING.

Small places sometimes acquire great notoriety. Xeres, in Spain, is famous for its wine; Loreto, in Italy, has its Santa Casa; the German Spa boasts its mineral springs; Biarritz, with a dozen huts, is already immortalised by fashion; Donnybrook is as well known as Dublin; and, lastly, our little Belgrano is becoming familiar in squabbles.

It may be that the fighting general, who lent his name to this locality, infused into the inhabitants a spirit of combativeness, or rather that there is something in the atmosphere predisposing to "shindies." Thus, within three months, we have three "questions." First, the trotting-match, with its triple law-suit—civil, criminal, and comical—for bets, debts, and libel. Second, the Juez de Paz and townsfolk, in their interesting tournament at upset each other. Third, and (perhaps not) last, is the question on the turf, which now agitates the rival Foreign and Argentine racing-clubs. By a singular coincidence, both had fixed on the same days (29th and 30th inst.) for the meeting, and each displays a pugnacious obstinacy to hold the course. Each claims his right by virtue of a compact with the Municipality, each asserts priority of publication, each has appealed to the Juez de Paz, and each relies on the public decision. Let us examine the case in its several points of issue.

1. Does the Municipal compact establish a preferentiall right for the Foreign Racing club? We emphatically answer—Yes! Whereas, by contract made with Frank Parish, Esq., dated March 8th 1860, it is agreed that "the Foreign club shall hold their races on any two days in Spring and Autumn," it matters not that an equally vague permission be subsequently accorded to Argentines, Peruvians, Chilians, Brazilians, Orientals, Columbians, &c, since no after-clap can invalidate the three-year document, properly signed, sealed and delivered. The Argentine contract dates August 21st 1860.

2. If, even supposing the contract null, the question be—who first published the racing programme? We again decide for the Foreign club. The Argentine society admits that their first publication was made April 2d; but the *Standard* of Easter Sunday, (April 20th) contains the full-length programme of the F. A. R. Society.

3. Throwing overboard the validity of the contract and priority of publication, each presents himself before the Juez de Paz—here again the decision is for the Foreign Amateurs!

It is difficult to comprehend on what plea the Argentine club pretends to a superior right, when these three several issues are decided in favor of their rivals. There is an under-current of prejudice in the first paragraph of the "Tribuna" on this subject which would enhance our colleague's good taste by omitting it altogether. That paper once accused us of presenting *adita, hacia los hijos del pais* as if we had cause to be jealous of them! It is now our turn to retort the challenge, by insisting that the refusal to admit Argentines into Foreign club is a wise regulation. We have seen the Club Progreso, and such like, converted into political circles; if we are anxious to cultivate peaceable *recreations*, politics like umbrellas must be left outside the door. Foreign clubs in admitting Argentines could not distinguish between Chupandinos, Pandilleros *et hoc genus omne*, and hence a constant mixture of discordant elements highly inimical to *recreation*. If only Unitarios were admitted it were worse, for we should then violate neutrality, descending to a local clique. If Federals alone were eligible the F. A. R. S. would be set down as a hot-bed of sedition. Finally if both were initiated, the state of hot-water, so occasioned, would frighten "the nation of shop keepers" out of the Club, which would remain a *Foreign* Association only so far as it would be right foreign to its name and purpose.

Let us hope that the Argentine sportsmen will seek some better argument than the promptings of bigotry to forestal the right of the F. A. R. S. over the Belgrano course. And here we would advise our countrymen to offer the "Consolation" stakes to their Argentine friends who have signally lost their entrance at the Autumn meeting.

How is the Chacho?

Everybody is talking of Peñaloza, and nobody knows much about his movements or whereabouts. That he captured San Luis and Rioja, fought 100 skirmishes, played at "hide and seek" with Rivas, Sandes, Iseas, &c., made a capitulation, and sent his Ambassador to General Mitre, is already matter of history. It is also notorious that he regaled every day per diem for his gastronomic requirements, little believing in Rivas' playful assurance to shoot him before May 25th.

Meantime it will be remembered that the new liberal ruler Dorrect, had made a treaty with the *caudillo*, having first vainly essayed to stem the tide of his terrible onslaught. Since then, Dorrect has been declared a traitor, his compact promptly violated by Rivas, and Peñaloza (while thinking himself secure by treaty), suddenattacked by superior forces. Only a few days have elapsed since Dorrect was praised for his heroic efforts, and we doubt whether he could have done better. Probably his great fault was to make terms with a formidable foe, and now we read that General Mitre has adopted a like course.

Our Governor, in a letter to Paunero, gives him ample powers to make the best bargain possible, and also writes to the Chacho himself, accepting his submission, on condition that he retires from Rioja. Instead of shooting him Mitre gracefully alludes to the glorious campaign of Peñaloza against the tyrant Rosas, and appeals to his patriotism rather than to his stomach.

Villafañe, new Governor of Rioja, has confiscated his estates, but we opine that the President's amnesty will cover all his sins, and Peñaloza will probably suffer no other loss, by his recent guerilla, than a temporary banishment from Rioja. Perhaps he will repair to this city and create a greater sensation than either Monte Christo or the "Kerosene" lamps.

SALTO, Banda Oriental

GREAT NEWS FROM SALTO.

TRADE BRISK!

Splendid Bank Dividend, Opera, &c.

We have received files of the *Comercio del Salto*. Business seems to be brisk in this thriving river-port.

The number of carts despatched for the interior is quite surprising, and shows the immense resources of this place, if properly developed.

Wool was selling at $3, cowhides at 6,400 rs. the pesada.

But the most stupendous news of all, which even exceeds in interest the great naval engagement between the Merrimac and Monitor, is, that the directors of the Commercial Bank at Salto have declared a dividend of *fifty* per cen, payable on and after 2nd of June.

In the annals of South American finance, this dividend of a remote country bank stands *alone*, and fully realises what we have always said of Salto, that it is the most go-ahead town south of the Line.

The *Comercio* contains an interesting article on sheep-breeding: it would seem that sheep-farming is becoming quite general.

The opera appears to be well supported, and brings crowded houses at every performance.

The question of public forests was still attracting much attention.

The agate-stone trade was quite brisk, and becoming one of the greatest importance. The last quotation was $76 640 rs, or 4 gold ounces per carrada.

Gold has been found in Tacuarembo, and the estancieros were all preparing for the diggings.

We wish much if some enterprising Saltenio would send some samples to the *Standard* office.

The only thing which we regret to see in Salto, is the spirit of litigation which seems to exist amongst the principal men of the place; but this may be regarded as almost a necessary evil in a *fast place*.

We hope soon to have an English correspondent in Salto, as we have now secured the services of a very gentlemen as agent for the *Standard*. We are promised many subscribers.

The Governor's Message.

Continued.

PROPERTY TAX.

The nett revenue accruing from this duty has been in

1861	2,339,412
And in 1860	1,753,268

The deficiency noticed last year is not caused by a diminution of the assessed value which has not been inferior to that of 1860. It is mainly due to the prorogation of the term which it has been found indispensable to allow for its collections, in view of the position of the country while many of the contributors were in the ranks of our army or absent from the country. After the completion of these causes the collection has continued with regularity having produced a nett return of $ 512,-130 during the first quarter of the present year.

The total amounts due since 1852 up to 1861 inclusive, was reduced at the commencement of the present month to $ 615.194 for the town and country, and six districts of the latter whose contribution for 1861 had not yet been liquidated. The collection proceeds with all possible speed.

The valuation for the tax of this year is about to terminate, and it has been increased by law to 3 per mil.

STAMP PAPER.

The proceeds from the sale of Stamps for 1861 amounted to..... $ 3,073,932

And in 1860 it produced..... 4,096,226

But in 1860 is included the product from the renovation of old mark certificates, while in 1861 these are only for news ones. Deducting the proceeds from both years, it is found that the product of only stamped paper according to the accompanying statement has amounted in 1861 to $ 2,920 382 and in 1860 only $ 2,847,746.

The renewal of the mark certificates will take place for the last time according to law during the present year; which amount, added to the increase of the value of stamps for documents at long dates will augment considerably this revenue. The proceeds during the first quarter of the present year amount to.... $ 1,316,042

SUNDRY REVENUES.

Besides the amounts specially accounted for in 1861, the sum of $ 2,697,022 has been collected for post office charges, saladero dues, bridge dues, legacy dues, judicial auction dues, and other small charges. None of these revenues offer any special observation, although generally they show an increase over last year.

PUBLIC LANDS.

YY. HH. will find annexed a statement of the product of the public lands for sale and rent since the first laws of 1857 up to the 31st December last ultimo. It gives a nett return of $ 23,797, 521. This sum has been distributed in the various objects which the respective laws have designated, as is shown in detail by said statement. Touching the British loan, the law not being sufficiently explicit, has been interpreted by the Government by means of a decree dated the 10th July 1861, of which a copy is also annexed, and in which are determined and specified the part of the total proceeds assigned to the payment, respectively of the ordinary and extraordinary interest and amortizement.

BRITISH DEBT.

The punctuality with which our compromises are attended to, cause a decided improvement in our credit on foreign markets.

The British is quoted at present in the London Exchange as follows:

6 per cent Bonds	92 to 94 p. $
3 do do do	32 to 33 do.

These latter obligations only enjoy at present, and up to 1866 the interest of 1 per cent per annum.

The Government has continued purchasing these bonds with the proceeds of public lands, destined to extraordinary amortizement. By the annexed statement it will be perceived that the quantities thus redeemed since 1859 to the 31st December ult., amount to £ 238,100, and for ordinary amortizement £ 18,400— Total £ 276,800.

This sum has been redeemed only at an effective expense of £65,168, purchases having been made from 17 to 30¼ per cent.

Consequently the debt for interests due, amounting in 1858 to £ 1,641,000, was reduced at the end of 1860 to £ 1,364,200.

Subsequently £10,000 of the extraordinary funds, which added to the sums of the ordinary funds destined to amortizement, will have reduced this debt nearly to £ 1,300,000

Of the six per cent funds £ 11,-500 have been redeemed in account of ordinary amortizement since 1860, done at from 31 to 91 per cent, which added to £ 23,-000 amortized up to 1827, reduces this debt to 31st December 1861, according to annexed statement, to £955.000.

The subsequent remittances, will reduce this debt nearly by £9,500 more.

England.

DEFEAT OF MINISTERS.

On Tuesday the ministry sustained its first serious defeat. Mr. Sheridan asked permission to bring in a bill to reduce the duty on fire insurances. A long debate ensued, in which the majority of the speakers were in favour of the measure. The Chancellor of the Exchequer, however, reprehended the introduction of such a bill when the financial statement would be made within forty-eight hours. He objected to it both on precedent and principle. There was, he said, no instance in which government agreed to the reduction of a tax unless it were prepared to consent to its entire abolition. The proposed reduction would entail a decrease of revenue which he could not spare; and he cautioned the house that if it agreed to the motion it would be a positive assertion that this particular tax should be reduced whether the revenue could afford it or not; and, further, it would be a declaration that this reduction should take place in preference to any other claim that might be advanced when considering the budget Lord Palmerston strongly supported the Chancellor, and deprecated such a motion on the very eve of the financial statement. The motion was however, pressed to a division when there appeared—

For the motion	127
Against it	116
Majority against Ministers.	11

THE NEW ERA IN NAVAL WARFARE

Captain Cowper Coles, R.N. alluding to the action between the Merrimac and Monitor, says, it teaches us that supremacy at sea belongs to those iron-clad ships which have the best protection, the strongest and the heaviest ordinance, and the best filled magazines. Again, this practical experiment solves another question, viz.—How are we to protect our harbours and dockyards from iron marauders? At present we are spending millions on stationary forts, the total estimate for which is £1,850,000. Captain Coles asks what service would these forts at Spithead be against vessels which would never come within 1000 yards of these forts, at the same time be within good bombarding distance of the dockyards.

Several journals point out the lesson to be taken from the affair between the Monitor and the Merrimac, which has proved the efficiency of an iron-case frigate against any number of wood-n vessels. The *Times* says it is quite impossible to dissemble the fact that nine-tenths of the British navy have been rendered comparatively useless. Fine screw line of battle ships and frigates have gone the way of fine old sailing seventy-fours. What is the use of our Mediterranean fleet, eight and twenty sail, if a couple of cupola vessels could destroy them one after another? The *Times*, however, adds by granting that timber ships must now be struck off the effective force of a fleet, adds that we have a force of ironsides superior, in all probability, to those of any other power. We have 15 iron-cased frigates in the course of construction, of which 11 will be afloat in the current year, and it will be our own fault if we don't take the Monitor's warning and expedite as well as economise our proceedings.

The American War.

STATE OF TRADE

New York, March, 21st.

Although we cannot record an active business in merchandize generally, some branches of trade are beginning to revive, giving confidence to those

where uncertainty and distrust had previously prevailed. We have not yet experienced much relief from the passage of the financial bill, but ere long the securities and notes will be issued by the Government, and enable them to pay their indebtedness for army supplies, giving the contractors their means to commence new operations, the delay of which has restricted them for some time past. The "Tax" bill has at last been reported to the "House" and is at present under consideration. It may raise from 200 to 250 millions of dollars. It could not be expected that each branch of industry would be satisfied with the proposed excise, and many remonstrances and deputations have gone on to Washington to endeavor to make interferences to their particular interest, but it is not probable that many alterations will be made, unsatisfactory and crude as the bill may appear. Taxation is new to us, and while patriotism would induce us to bear our share of the burden of the Government, we like to feel that it is equally and justly distributed. The proposed tax on manufactures is 3 per cent, Sole Leather 1 cent per lb., Curled Hair 3 cents per lb, &c. The new Tariff bill is not yet reported. It is supposed that all free articles will be made to pay some duty, and on others the duty will be raised. Hides, Hair and Wool it is conjectured will have to contribute more than under the present tariff but as yet there is no reliable information in regard to it.

The continued successes of the Union armies encourage us to hope that the rebellion is fast drawing to a close. In the West the army of M'Culloch and Price in Arkansas has been effectually routed by Genera's Curtis and Sigel. On the Mississippi we have possession of Columbus, and Commodore Foot is descending the river with his gun boats. New Madrid has been taken by General Pope, Nashville is in our possession, and the army on the Potomac is now moving, having caused the rebels to evacuate Harpers Ferry, Winchester, Centreville, Manasses, &c. The Burnside expedition has, after a serious struggle, captured Newbern in Forth Carolina, and will soon attempt the reduction of Beaufort. Brunswick in Georgi, Fernandina, Jacksonville and St. Augustin in Florida are now occupied by the Union troops. In many places the rebels retire without fighting, and if they do not give up the contest, they will be backed off into Texas and be captured, or else be dispersed in Mexico. At present the progress of the Union troops is almost uninterrupted. So much territory recovered from the rebels will soon create an active trade to supply the inhabitants, as their wants are pressing, and the confidence in the ultimate success of the Government is momentarily increasing. The 7 30-100 per cent loan is again nearly par, and the premium on gold ranges from 1 to 1 1/8 per ₤ The Banks on 15th inst held $30,773 050 in specie. Money for good security is abundant at 6 per ₤ to 7 per ₤, and everything indicates returning prosperity and active business.

A. Lines Van Blarkom.

Correspondence.

Salto, 13th May 1862.

To the Editors of the "Standard."

We have read, with much pleasure, the article in your esteemed publication, relative to trial by jury in South America, and have to remark that your ideas on the subject are well founded, and we have come off with a sentence, as the Natives say, of Platus.

We believe that were you to establish a correspondent here you might obtain some few subscribers, as we have several English residents in the town and district, who would readily subscribe.

Again thanking you for your ideas, and for the interest you have taken on this subject, allow us to subscribe ourselves

Your obedient servants,

M. R. TRISTANY.

To the Editors of the STANDARD.

The Municipality.

In all probability this body is so overwhelmed with work, that it is at a loss with what to commence. In this dilemma we would suggest railing those portions of the weeds, whose elevation above the street is such, as to render transit dangerous. Their present state is not only dangerous, but a disgrace to the community, and it is a miracle that no loss of life has occurred, through an economy so false as foolish.

The Municipality may rest assured, that a good railing (the expense would not be great) would not only look well with our May Feasts, but that also the act would be received with general satisfaction.

D. L.

Fray Bentos.

14 May '62.

SIR—

I am requested by Mr. B. (who at present is unwell) to inform you that he has received all the papers that were missing and thanks you for the *Times*, newspaper.

Mr. R..... well send you another sample of Gold as soon as he receives them, I remain, Sir—

Your Obedient Servant

G. J. C.

LOCAL EVENTS.

BUENOS AYRES DUBLIN, CORK, &c.—We have made the following calculation from the Custom's returns [1861].

The gross import and export duties being in this ratio—Dublin 120; Buenos Ayres 89; Cork 40; Belfast 35; Limerick 20. Their population may be set down—Dublin 35; Buenos Ayres 13; Cork 12; Belfast 11; Limerick 9.

FRENCH OPERA CO.—The Agent of this enterprise begs us to state that the office of Mr. Mallmann is open for the subscription of $1,000, which entitles the *abonné* to 10 functions. General Mitre heads the list, and we understand the required number is almost filled up.

NEW AGENT—To our friends in Salto, we beg to notify that we have appointed Sr. D. M. R. Tristany, (the able editor of the Comercio del Salto) as the agent for the "Standard, in Salto.

All parties desirous of subscribing will please give their names and address to Mr. Tristany.

THE NEW PORTABLE LAMPS.—Owing to unavoidable circumstances, the opening of this new establishment in No. 59 calle Florida has been postponed until 21st inst we take this opportunity of notifying our readers that kerosene oil is sold, ex dosive, and that in a few days the public will be able to try for themselves.

IRISH IMMIGRANTS.—We are happy to announce that a large number of Irishmen landed yesterday morning; we believe they were passengers in the "Indiana."

On 'Change.

May 16th.

A meeting of the members of the Bolsa took place to day, and, in common with all institutions in the country, the *vis inertiæ* prevailed. There were not sufficient members present to commence proceedings, and our merchants have shown that they do not care much about the regulations, by abstaining from contributing, with their vote, for their improvement.

About 8000 doubloons have been sold to-day, at prices opening and closing at 413.

Sales have been limited in the Plazas, chiefly to dry hides of suitable description, for the American markets. Yesterday, an important transaction for that destination was made, as follows: 4000 hides at 41 rials, 2000 do. deshuchas at 36, and 1000 heavy, export duty paid at 49 rls.

The Portuguese brig Union, from Rio Janeiro to Montevideo, with flour, was chartered to load at that port for Brazils, about 5000 quintals jerked beef, at 4 3/4, 5 1/4, and 6 1/4 rials, with 5 per cent primage.

Here we have no freights to report, although there is a good demand for vessels. To-morrow we expect to be able to give some news.

Sales to-day have been made as follows.

Saladero produce.

1500 to 3000 salt novillo hides	43 rls.
Camp do.	
92 dozen sheepskins	$ 50
2500 camp hides	134
60 do do	130
60 do do	132
150 do do	128
200 matadero do	145
Provincial and River Do.	
5 bales Cordoba hair	32 rls.
400 Corrientes matadero novillo hides.	49 "

River Plate Produce Report.

London, 1st April 1862.

The arrivals are from Buenos Aires, per "Brahma", "Ebrio Subcrescaux", "Maria," and "Von Arteveld," 33,230 dry, 434 salted, and 73 Horse Hides; from Monte Video, per "Lydia Mary," 5,400 dry, 666 salted, and 901 Horse Hides; and from European ports 2979 dry, 2001 salted and 683 Kips, whereof 5104 dry, 1723 salted, and 653 Kips have been forwarded in transit. Holders continue to shew much disposition to sell, and make concession, in order to realise parcels of any importance, but taxes hold back in consequence of the difficulty which they experience in disposing of tanned leather at remunerative rates. Purchases are therefore made for the most pressing wants only, and prices have gradually declined 2c à 3c. for dry, and 1c. à 2c. for salted Hides. Transaction in the latter description have been especially unimportant, although our stocks are still large, and offer a good choice, particularly in *Rio Grande* Hides. Horse Hides have been neglected, in consequence of the high pretensions of holders.

Tallow—continues quiet, and transactions are confined to 120 Pipes *Buenos Ayres*, good quality at 2/37 (4ds 10=20 Cwt.). Our stocks amount to about 800 Packages.

Wool—*River Plat*. The demand has been more active, and the recent imports of 1910 Bales by the previously mentioned vessels having off-red more choice; sales have been made of 400 Bales at 6:1 : 10c à 8c. 2 : 45c. (4 7-16 d à 9 15-16 d=9 1-10c. à 20 1-4c.), being well-sustained rates; in some cases 10c à 15c. above the prices of the February sale has been paid for good light descriptions. The next public sales will commence about the 22nd instant, and will include our present stock as well as my parcels which may still arrive in time. In SHEEPSKINS, with the Wool, 97 Bales have been sold at fr. 1 : 05c. à fr. 1 : 80c. (1 1-4 d à 7 3-16 d=8 5-8c. à 14 7-8c.) according to quality. Our prices are reduced to 10 Bls.

G. & C. Keglinger.

Arrivals in Europe from the River Plate.

Adele, Devries—Antwerp, April 3 from Buenos Ayres

Adelheid, Spille—Antwerp, April 2, from Buenos Ayres

Ann and Susan, Pearson — Shields, April 4, from Montevideo

Berenger, Pinard—Rennies, March 5 from Montevideo

Don Fe, Campos—Hull, April 4, from Montevid.o

Camoa, Foster — Antwerp, April 1, from Buenos Ayres

Catarina II, Zino—Marseilles, March 29, from Montevideo

Clorinda, Avegno—Antwerp, April 2, from Buenos Ayres

Diana, Husing—Antwerp, April 2 from Buenos Ayres

Escoriaza, Ryder—Liverpool, April 6, from Montevideo

Flora, Savage—Liverpool, April 1, from Buenos Ayres

Francois Theodore, Crequir—Havre, April 1, from Montevideo

Frederic, Venard—Havre, March 31, from Montevideo

Georgina, Fremont—Havre, April 2, from Buenos Ayres

Geuniers, Arbuman—the Texel, April 1, from Buenos Ayres

Guiseppina, Nasalis — Gravesend, April 3, from Montevideo

Lucie, Foureade—Marseilles, March 31, from Buenos Ayres

Madras, Lemaitre—Havre, April 2, from Buenos Ayres

Maindust, ——, Bataria, February 7, from Buenos Ayres

Margaret, Maitland—Havre, April 2, from Montevideo

Milton, Bradford—Gravesend, April 1, from Montevideo

Monthly, David—Havre, March 31, from Montevideo

Nora, ——, Liverpool, March 31, from Buenos Ayres

Ocean Belle, Browne—Mauritius, Feb. 20, from Montevideo

Pepa, Munes—Malaga, March 22, from Montevideo

Reina del Sud, ——, Gravesend, April 7, from Buenos Ayres

Santoni, Lachas—Cette, March 30, from Buenos Ayres

Ville de Metz, Mochet—Mauritius. Feb 16, from Montevideo

Wilson Wood, ——, Liverpool, April 2, from Buenos Ayres

W. Smith, Manson — Queenstown, April 7, from Montevideo

——

Sailed for River Plate.

Belle Poule, Brownrigg—Liverpool, April 3, for Buenos Ayres

British Pride, Pellet—Deal, April 4, for Buenos Ayres

Diana, Masdorp—Antwerp, April 3, for Buenos Ayres

Elizabeth, Schmidt—Hamburg, March 29, for Montevideo

Geeuiers, Arbman — Amsterdam, April 1, for Buenos Ayres

India, ——, Madeira, March 18, for River Plate

Marie, Dieter—Hamburg, April 4, for Montevideo

Neptune, Edwards—Liverpool, April 4, for Montevideo

Olivia, Williams — Liverpool, April 3, for Montevideo

Poutivo, Banovich—Bordeaux, April 4, for Montevideo

——

Alphons, from Hamburg, off Folkstone, for B Ayres, March 29

Gluckauf, from Hamburg, at Deal, for Montevideo, March 30

Windsor, from Bristol, at Newport, for Montevideo

——

Vessel Spoken at Sea.

Illimani, Liverpool, to B Ayres, 17th 15 miles N. of Pullin Island

——

Algeciras—Cleared—Jacinta, from Sta. Pola, and Bahia Dolores, from Carthagina, both for Montevideo; and Anna, from Tarragona, for River Plate, 23d March

Atlantic. — Cleared — Colon, for Montevideo, 23d March

Maligt—Cleared—Ventura, for B Ayres, 21st; and Godfred Mamel, from Genoa, for B Ayres, 24th

——

Loading at Liverpool for Buenos Ayres and Montevideo.

Istria—Mystery—Velocidade—Annie Braginton—Rivadavia—Rifle

Loading at London for Buenos Ayres and Montevideo.

Zephyr—Parga—Search

Loading in Clyde for B. Ayres.

Esther

ARRIVALS AND IMPORTS

May 16th.

In sight—A barque.

CLEARED.—16th.

Havana, Spanish brig Joaquin, with 5356 quintals jerked beef, 50 dry ox and cow hides.

Havana, Spanish brig Juanito, with 4000 quintals jerked beef, 50 dry ox and cow hides.

SAILINGS AND EXPORTS.

16th.

Uruguay, Brazilian pigeonnier Biberibe.

Asuncion, Paraguay steamer Salto de Guayrá.

EMPORIUM! OF LIGHT

OF THE LA PLATA

At No. 59 CALLE FLORIDA.

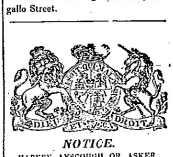
SPECIAL NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned begs to announce that circumstances compel him to postpone the opening of the above named establishment, from the 17th to the 21st, on the evening of which day, it will positively be opened to the public.

U. C. COVERT.

WANTED.

A situation by a thorough Cook. Pastry or ok at an English house preferred good testimonials &c. address K care of Mr. Blues English Grocer, Cangallo Street.



NOTICE.

HARVEY AYSCOUGH OR ASKER.

Is requested to call at or send his address to this Office or any one who can give information of him or his whereabouts.

FRANK PARISH

H. B. M. Consul.

British Consulate—Bs. As. May 16

Notice.

The undersigned offers his services as translator from the English language. He can furnish good references, having been employed by most of the English Engineers in the country, to their satisfaction.

He also undertakes the management of business with the Government, being well acquainted with all the necessary steps and formalities observed in all these transactions.

John D. Kemsley.

"STANDARD" Office.

Doubloons.

May 16th.

Opening price	413
At intervals	413½ 413
Saturday 17th May	414½ 413½
Various dates	414½ 414½
Closing price	413
Doubloons sold	7,752

HOTEL DE PARIS.

Furnished Apartments, with Board, to be had at the Hotel, on reasonable terms.

Breakfast from 9 to 11.
Dinner " 5 to 7.
Board, without room, $200 per month.
English spoken at this Hotel, and Standard taken for the use of Residents.
GERMAIN and BARTHELAMY,
Proprietors.
Calle Mayo, N°. 45.

SHEEP—SHEEP—SHEEP

Important to Sheep Farmers.

A sure cure for the Scab in Sheep.

The undersigned has the pleasure of announcing to the Wool Growers of this country, that he has now received a large quantity of the celebrated *South Down Sheep Wash.*

This valuable preparation is highly recommended for its safety, convenience, utility and economy. It is a concentrated extract, one pound of which is equal to ten pounds of lob-cco, retaining in this compact form all the properties of the raw material, at the same time saving the very considerable and tedious operation of preparing the wash as is usually practiced in this country. The only labor required with the article now offered to the public, is to stir the paste into the quantity of water needed for the Sheep, that was intended to be dipped. The Sheep Wash is highly recommended and extensively used by the wool growers of Australia and South Africa. The Samples that have been used by some of the Estancieros of this Country, have given the most perfect satisfaction, and are recommended by them as the most effectious remedy ever used in this country; for further particulars apply either personally or by letter to the Sole Depositary.

C. D. BERGER.

At MESSRS. *James Bell & Co.*
(Calle Defensa, esquina MAYO.)

Important Testimonial.

Buenos Ayres, March 28 1862

Dear Sir:

Having used your South Down Sheep Wash, on my flocks, I take pleasure in recommending it to all Wool Growers of this country, as the most efficacious remedy I have ever used for diseases in Sheep, and especially for removing the Scab.

I have tried many eminent remedies both here and in Scotland, and have found nothing that has given such perfect satisfaction as the South Down Sheep Wash.

Trusting that the merits of this valuable preparation may become more fully known, and earnestly commending it to the attention of all those interested in sheep,

I remain, yours, &c.
NINIAN JOHNSTONE.

To Mr. Chas. J. Bowers.

Land, Building Ground, and Houses for Sale.

To be Sold all that piece of Land near Barracas bridge, between the bridges Restauracion and Del Sur, to known by the name of El Puesto de Leocadio Varela first, 2nd and 3rd. There is a good plantation of alfalfa, and a comfortable rancho on the land; also situation is an excellent one for T place of business, and, as it will be good change, it will be Land a Genera table purchase.

Also, a piece of Building Ground in calle Mexico, 8-3-4 varas front and 32 back.

A large and commodious house in calle Mexico.

An excellent House of nine rooms, in Barracas.

And a very convenient house in calle Paraguay,

For terms and further particulars apply to

DAVIS and CO,
House and Land Agents,
69 Calle 25 de Mayo.

NO MORE WASHING!

On Sale at 66 calle Bartolomé Mitre English Washing and Mangling Machines, particularly adapted for hotels, colleges, and Washerwomen, and for exportation. These machines are light, and they will sell cheap for cash.

Getting and Co,
66 Bartolomé Mitre.

LONDON UNITYFIRE & LIFE

INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

CAPITAL: £2,500,000 Sterling.

Insurances against Fire are effected upon nearly all descriptions of property in the United Kingdom and in Foreign Countries. This Association offers peculiar advantages for fire insurance in Buenos Ayres on account of its moderate rates and other reasons set in love of the insured.

Proposition for Life Insurance are also received and immediate attention paid to the same. A prospectus of rates and all other particulars will be furnished on application to the Company's Agent in this City.

Traffic WILDE.
Calle Mayo N.° 7.

ENGLISH DRAPERY

Establishment.

Winter articles in great variety for Ladies and Children, for Sale at No. 61 *calle del Cerrito*. Wholesale and retail, and the goods by recent arrivals.

Quilts, Counterpanes, Blankets, Flannels, Black and Colored, Cassimeres, &c.,

Ladies Linsey-woolsey and other Dress's, also Petticoats Children's Frocks, Coats, and Sacks.

Ladies cloth and Silk Cloaks.—Stockings, Socks, Robes Gentlemen, Muslin Gentlemen, Alpacas, pants, and pumps.

Tuo domestics, Calicoes, Linen and Cotton sheetings, Irish and other Linens, Diapers, Damasks, Table-Linen, Nankins, Towels, &c.

Hankins, Cuffs, and other Lace goods.

Figured and plain silks, Velvet, Merino Paisley and French Cashmere Scarfs, and Shawls.

Collars, Habit Shirts, Flounci-g, Embroidered and Plain Handkerchiefs, Embroidered, & plain petticoats.

Ribbons, Bindings.

Boots and Shoes for Ladies and Children; Soaps and Scents, and many other articles. By every steamer, a succession of Novelties will be received.

61-CALLE de CORR 11723—61
m. 16—lm.

NO MORE TOOTH-ACHE!

THE TEETH.

Dr. CORNWALL.

American Dentist,
272—CALLE RIVADAVIA—272.

Performs all operations for the relief of pain in the teeth, and for restoring decayed teeth to a perfect decayed to health and beauty.

Teeth filled by him with gold or composition will last for years, and will do for life, without pain. Those he inserts are known, from the deposit of tartar and half enamel on the gums, to be of much better workmanship than those usually inserted in this country